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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY TECHNICAL BULLETIN CALIBRATION PROCEDURE FOR SIGNAL GENERATOR SG-1170/U (WAVETEK, MODEL 3001)
Headquarters, Department of the Army, Washington, DC
22 October 2003
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# TB 9-6625-2094-35 

CHANGE 1

## DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY TECHNICAL BULLETIN

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Headquarters, Department of the Army, Washington, DC
3 September 2003
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## By Order of the Secretary of the Army:



Administrative Assistant to the
Secretary of the Army
0318908

PETER J. SCHOOMAKER
General, United States Army
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To be distributed in accordance with (IDN) 342229, requirements for calibration procedure TB 9-6625-2094-35.

# *TB 9-6625-2094-35 

## DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY TECHNICAL BULLETIN

## CALIBRATION PROCEDURE FOR

 SIGNAL GENERATOR SG-1170/U (WAVETEK, MODEL 3001)Headquarters, Department of the Army, Washington, DC<br>6 August 2003

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## REPORTING OF ERRORS AND RECOMMENDING IMPROVEMENTS

You can improve this manual. If you find any mistakes or if you know of a way to improve these procedures, please let us know. Mail your letter or DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms) directly to: Commander, U.S. Army Aviation and Missile Command, ATTN: AMSAM-MMC-MA-NP, Redstone Arsenal, AL 35898-5000. A reply will be furnished to you. You may also provide DA Form 2028 information to AMCOM via e-mail, fax, or the World Wide Web. Our fax number is DSN 788-6546 or Commercial 256-842-6546. Our e-mail address is: 2028@redstone.army.mil. Instructions for sending an electronic 2028 may be found at the back of this manual. For the World Wide Web, use https://amcom2028.redstone.army.mil/.

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## SECTION I <br> IDENTIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION

1. Test Instrument Identification. This bulletin provides instructions for the calibration of Signal Generator SG-1170/U (Wavetek, Model 3001). The manufacturer's manual was used as the prime data source in compiling these instructions. The equipment being calibrated will be referred to as the TI (test instrument) throughout this bulletin.
a. Model Variations
(1) Wavetek, Model 3001 (unmodified) frequency range is from 1 MHz to 520 MHz .
(2) The SG-1170/U (modified) instruments have a frequency range from 1 kHz to 520 MHz .
(3) SG-1170/U (unmodified) instruments have a frequency range from 450 kHz to 520 MHz .
(4) Frequency ranges for a particular instrument are shown on the front panel, located above the FREQUENCY indicator switches.
b. Time and Technique. The time required for this calibration is approximately 4 hours, using the dc and low frequency and microwave techniques.
2. Forms, Records, and Reports.
a. Forms, records, and reports required for calibration personnel at all levels are prescribed by TB 750-25.
b. Adjustments to be reported are designated (R) at the end of the sentence in which they appear. When adjustments are in tables, the (R) follows the designated adjustment. Report only those adjustments made and designated with (R).
3. Calibration Description. TI parameters and performance specifications, which pertain to this calibration, are listed in table 1.

Table 1. Calibration Description

| Test Instrument Parameters | Performance Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | Range: 0.001 to 520 MHz |  |
|  | Accuracy: | $\pm 0.1 \%, 1$ to $100 \mathrm{kHz}^{1}$ |
|  |  | $\pm 0.001 \%, 0.1$ to 520 MHz |
|  |  | $( \pm 0.001 \% \pm 10 \mathrm{kHz}$ FREQUENCY VENIER in UNCAL position) |
|  | Stability: | $<0.38 \mathrm{ppm} / \mathrm{hr}$ in CAL position $\pm 500 \mathrm{~Hz} / 10 \mathrm{~min}$ in UNCAL position |

See footnote at end of table.

Table 1. Calibration Description (Continued)

| Test Instrument Parameters | Performance Specifications |
| :---: | :---: |
| RF output | Range: -137 to +13 dBm <br> Accuracy: $\pm 1.25 \mathrm{~dB},-7$ to 13 dBm <br>   <br>  $\pm 1.95 \mathrm{~dB},-7$ to -77 dBm <br>  $\pm 2.75 \mathrm{~dB},-77$ to -137 dBm |
| Flatness | Range: -7 to 13 dBm <br> Accuracy: $\quad \pm 0.75 \mathrm{~dB}$ ref 50 MHz |
| Meter | Range: 10 dBm |
| Attenuators | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Accuracy: } \quad \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB} \text { at } 50 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \text { Range: }-130 \text { to }+10 \mathrm{dBm} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Accuracy: $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ to $70 \mathrm{dBm}( \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~dB}$ cal error $)$ <br>  $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ to $130 \mathrm{dBm}( \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ cal error $)$ |
| Amplitude modulation | Range: 0 to $90 \%$ ( |
|  | Accuracy: $\pm$ ( $5 \%+5 \%$ of Full Scale) at 1 kHz |
| Internal frequency | Range: 400 Hz and 1 kHz |
|  | Accuracy: $\pm 5 \%$ |
| Distortion | Accuracy: $\quad<3 \%$ to $70 \%$ |
| Frequency modulation: |  |
| Frequency | Range: 400 Hz and 1 kHz <br> Accuracy: $\pm 5 \%$ |
| Deviation | Range: 0 to 10 kHz and 0 to 100 kHz Accuracy: $\pm 500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ on X1 range $\pm 5 \mathrm{kHz}$ on X 10 range |
| Distortion | Accuracy: $\quad \begin{aligned} & <2 \%, 10 \mathrm{kHz} \text { to } 100 \mathrm{kHz} \text { deviation at } 1 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \quad<4 \%, 3 \mathrm{kHz} \text { to } 10 \mathrm{kHz} \text { deviation at } 1 \mathrm{kHz}\end{aligned}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Specification change authorized.

## SECTION II <br> EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

4. Equipment Required. Table 2 dentifies the specific equipment to be used in this calibration procedure. This equipment is issued with Secondary Transfer Calibration Standards Set AN/GSM-286, AN/GSM-287, or AN/GSM-705. Alternate items may be used by the calibrating activity. The items selected must be verified to perform satisfactorily prior to use and must bear evidence of current calibration. The equipment must meet or exceed the minimum use specifications listed in table 2. The accuracies listed in table 2 provide a four-to-one ratio between the standard and TI. Where the four-to-one ratio cannot be met, the actual accuracy of the equipment is shown in parenthesis.
5. Accessories Required. The accessories required for this calibration are common usage accessories, issued as indicated in paragraph 4 above, and are not listed in this calibration procedure.

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Table 2. Minimum Specifications of Equipment Required

| Common name | Minimum use specifications | Manufacturer and model (part number) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AUDIO ANALYZER | Frequency measurement: <br> Range: 380 to 1050 Hz <br> Accuracy: $\pm 1.25 \%$ <br> Distortion capability: $<0.5 \%$ at 1 kHz | Boonton, Model 1120-S/10 (MIS35954/2) |
| FREQUENCY COUNTER | Range: 1 kHz to 520 MHz Accuracy: $\quad \pm 0.00025 \%$ | Hewlett-Packard, AN/USM459B (AN/USM459B) |
| MEASURING RECEIVER <br> Frequency <br> RF Power <br> Flatness <br> Amplitude modulation <br> Frequency modulation | Range: 500 kHz to 520 MHz <br> Accuracy: $<1$ x E-9/day <br> Stability: $\quad \pm 0.05 \mathrm{ppm} / \mathrm{hr}$ <br> Range: $520 \mathrm{MHz}(0 \mathrm{dBm}$ to -110 dBm ) <br> Accuracy: $\quad \pm 0.1875 \mathrm{dBm}$ <br> Range: 10 MHz to 500 MHz <br> Accuracy: $\quad \pm 0.125 \mathrm{dBm}$ <br> Range: $10 \%$ to $90 \%$ mod at 520 MHz <br> Accuracy: $\pm 2.65 \%$ <br> Range: 50 MHz at 400 Hz and 1 kHz mod <br> Accuracy: $\quad<1.25 \%$ from 10 kHz to <br> 100 kHz frequency <br> deviation | Hewlett-Packard, Model 8902A (8902A) |
| MULTIMETER | Range: 20 V dc <br> Accuracy: $\pm 0.05 \%$ | John Fluke, Model 8840A/AF- 05/09 (AN/GSM-64D) |
| SIGNAL GENERATOR | Used in measuring receiver | (SG-1207/U) |
| SIGNAL GENERATOR | Used in measuring receiver | (SG-1219/U) |

## SECTION III

## CALIBRATION PROCESS

## 6. Preliminary Instructions

a. The instructions outlined in paragraphs 6 and 7 are preparatory to the calibration process. Personnel should become familiar with the entire bulletin before beginning the calibration.
b. Items of equipment used in this procedure are referenced within the text by common name as listed in table 2.
c. Unless otherwise specified, verify the result of each test and, whenever the test requirement is not met, take corrective action before continuing with the calibration. Adjustments required to calibrate the TI are included in this procedure. Additional maintenance information is contained in TM 11-6625-3029-14 for this TI.

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d. When indications specified in paragraphs 8 through 16 are not within tolerance, perform the power supply check prior to making adjustments. After adjustments are made, repeat paragraphs 8 through 16. Do not perform power supply check if all other parameters are within tolerance.
e. Unless otherwise specified, all controls and control settings refer to the TI.

## 7. Equipment Setup

## WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE is used or exposed during the performance of this calibration. DEATH ON CONTACT may result if personnel fail to observe safety precautions. REDUCE OUTPUT(S) to minimum after each step within the performance check where applicable.
a. Remove protective cover from TI only when necessary to make adjustments. Replace cover upon completion of adjustments.
b. Connect TI to a 115 V ac source.
c. If OUTPUT meter needle does not bisect the dot at the left end of the scale, adjust zero adjust, located below meter face, until meter needle bisects dot.
d. Set POWER switch to ON and allow at least 2 hours for TI to warm up and stabilize.
8. Frequency Accuracy

## a. Performance Check

## NOTE

Perform only the frequency checks pertaining to the model being calibrated. See paragraph a(1) through (4) for identification of models.
(1) Connect TI RF OUTPUT to frequency counter CHANNEL A. Set counter to $50 \Omega$ input and gate time to 10 seconds.
(2) Position TI controls as listed in (a) through (d) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to CAL.
(b) MODULATION MODE switch to CW.
(c) OUTPUT step attenuator control for $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{d B m}$.
(d) OUTPUT VERNIER control fully cw.
(e) FREQUENCY switches to indicate $\mathbf{0 0 0 . 0 0 1} \mathbf{M H z}$.

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(3) If counter does not indicate between 999 and 1001 Hz , perform $\mathbf{b}(1)$ through (4) below.
(4) Repeat technique of (3) above for FREQUENCY switch settings listed in table 3. If frequency counter does not indicate within limits specified, perform $\mathbf{b}(1)$ through (3) below.
(5) Position TI controls as listed in (a) through (e) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{k H z}$.
(b) FREQUENCY switches to indicate $\mathbf{0 0 1 . 0 0 0} \mathbf{M H z}$.
(c) MODULATION MODE switch to FMx1.
(d) MODULATION FREQ switch to DC.
(e) MODULATION FM/AM switch to $\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ k H z}$.
(6) If frequency counter does not indicate between 999.99 and 1020.01 kHz , perform $\mathbf{b}(4)$ through (11) below.
(7) Set MODULATION MODE switch to FMx10.
(8) Frequency counter will indicate between 1089.99 and 1110.01 kHz .

Table 3. Frequency

| Test instrument <br> FREQUENCY switch settings <br> (MHz) | Frequency counter indications <br> (Hz) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Min | Max |
| 000.001 | 0999 | 1001 |
| 000.005 | 4995 | 5005 |
| 000.009 | 8991 | 9009 |
| 000.010 | 9990 | 10,010 |
| 000.050 | 49,950 | 50,050 |
| 000.090 | 89,910 | 90,090 |
| 000.100 | 99,999 | 100,001 |
| 000.500 | 499,995 | 500,005 |
| 000.900 | 899,991 | 900,009 |
| 001.000 | 999,990 | $1,000,010$ |
| 005.000 | $4,999,950$ | $5,000,050$ |
| 009.000 | $8,999,910$ | $9,000,090$ |
| 010.000 | $9,999,900$ | $10,000,100$ |
| 050.000 | $49,999,500$ | $50,000,500$ |
| 090.000 | $89,999,100$ | $90,000,900$ |
| 100.000 | $99,999,000$ | $100,001,000$ |
| 500.000 | $499,995,000$ | $500,005,000$ |

(9) Set MODE switch to CW, FREQUENCY switches to $\mathbf{0 0 2 . 0 0 0} \mathbf{M H z}$, and FREQUENCY VENIER control to $+3 \mathbf{k H z}$. After 1 minute, record frequency counter indication.
(10) Set FREQUENCY VERNIER control to $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{k H z}$. After 1 minute, record frequency counter indication. Subtract from indication recorded in (9) above. Difference will be between 2500 and 3500 Hz .

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(11) Set FREQUENCY VERNIER control to -3 kHz . After 1 minute, record frequency counter indication. Subtract from indication recorded in (10) above. Difference will be between 2500 and 3500 Hz .
b. Adjustments
(1) Position TI controls as listed in (a) through (d) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to CAL.
(b) MODULATION MODE switch to CW.
(c) OUTPUT step attenuator control for $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{d B m}$.
(d) OUTPUT VERNIER control fully cw.
(2) Set FREQUENCY switches to indicate $\mathbf{5 0 0 . 0 0 0} \mathbf{~ M H z}$.
(3) Adjust FREQ ADJ M30-1(UNMODIFIED) fig. 1) trimmer ccw for minimum frequency indication on frequency counter, then adjust trimmer cw until frequency counter indicates $500.000 \mathrm{MHz}(\mathrm{R})$.


Figure 1. Test instrument - bottom view.
(4) Position controls as listed in (a) through (g) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{k H z}$.
(b) FREQUENCY switches to 002.000 MHz .
(c) MODULATION MODE switches to FMx10.
(d) MODULATION FREQ to DC.
(e) MODULATION FM/AM slide control to full up position.
(f) OUTPUT step attenuator control for $\mathbf{+ 1 0} \mathbf{~ d B m}$.
(g) OUTPUT VERNIER control fully cw.

NOTE
Modulation board C316-6 contains a size ADJ (C) and a balance ADJ (D), which are factory adjustments. DO NOT change the settings of these two controls.
(5) Connect digital multimeter to MOD TP (fig. 1) and ground.
(6) Adjust MODULATION BOARD POT A(fig. . 2 ) for a $+5.00 \pm 01 \mathrm{~V}$ dc indication on the digital multimeter (R).


Figure 2. Test instrument - top view.
(7) Set MODULATION FM/AM slide control to $\mathbf{0}$. The digital multimeter should indicate $0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 20 \mathrm{mV}$ dc.
(8) Disconnect the digital multimeter from MOD TP (fig. 1) and ground.
(9) Adjust M29-2 POT B (fig. 2) to produce an indication of 2.000 MHz 100 Hz on frequency counter (R).
(10) Set MODULATION FM/AM slide control to full up position and adjust M29-2 POT A (fig. 2) to produce an indication of $2.100 \mathrm{MHz} 100 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{R})$ on frequency counter.
(11) Set MODULATION MODE switch to FMx1 and adjust MODULATION BOARD POT B on left side of board (fig. 2) to produce an indication of 2.010 MHz 100 Hz on frequency counter (R).
9. Frequency Stability
a. Performance Check
(1) Position controls as listed (a) through (e) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to CAL.
(b) MODULATION MODE switch to CW.
(c) OUTPUT step attenuator control for $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{d B m}$.
(d) OUTPUT VERNIER control fully cw.
(e) Set FREQUENCY switches to indicate $500.000 \mathbf{M H z}$.
(2) After frequency counter indication stabilizes, record frequency indication.
(3) Monitor frequency counter indication for 1 hour. The frequency will not drift more than 200 Hz from the value recorded in 2. above.
(4) Position controls as listed in (a) through (c) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{k H z}$.
(b) MODULATION MODE switch to FMx1.
(c) MODULATION FM/AM slide control to $\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ k H z}$.
(5) After 1 minute stabilization period. Record frequency counter indication.
(6) Monitor frequency counter indication for 10 minutes. The frequency will not drift more than 500 Hz from the value recorded in 5 . above.
(7) Disconnect frequency counter CHANNEL A from TI RF OUTPUT.
b. Adjustments. No adjustments can be made.

## 10. Output Meter Accuracy

a. Performance Check
(1) Connect measuring receiver sensor module (HP 11722A) to RF POWER CALIBRATION OUTPUT.

## NOTE

Calibrate measuring receiver for sensor zero and power level cal.
(2) Connect measuring receiver sensor module to TI RF OUTPUT and press LOG/LIN (dBm) pushbutton.
(3) Position controls as listed in (a) through (e) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to CAL.
(b) Set FREQUENCY switches to indicate $\mathbf{0 5 0 . 0 0 0} \mathbf{~ M H z}$.
(c) MODULATION MODE switch to CW.
(d) OUTPUT VERNIER control for a $\mathbf{- 1} \mathbf{d B}$ indication on OUTPUT meter.
(e) OUTPUT step attenuator control to $\mathbf{+ 1 0} \mathbf{~ d B m}$.
(4) If measuring receiver does not indicate between 8.5 and 9.5 dB , perform $\mathbf{b}$ below.
(5) Repeat technique of (4) above for TI settings and indications listed in table 4. If measuring receiver does not indicate within specified limits, perform $\mathbf{b}$ below.

Table 4. Output Meter

| Test Instrument |  | Power meter (dBm) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| OUTPUT step attenuator <br> settings (dBm) | OUTPUT meter <br> settings | Min |  |
| 0 | +3 | +2.5 | +3.5 |
| 0 | 0 | -0.5 | +0.5 |
| 0 | -3 | -2.5 | -3.5 |
| 0 | -5 | -4.5 | -5.5 |
| 0 | -7 | -6.5 | -7.5 |
| -10 | +3 | -6.5 | -7.5 |

b. Adjustments
(1) Temporarily disconnect measuring receiver sensor module from TI.
(2) Set OUTPUT VERNIER control fully ccw and adjust meter board POT B (fig. 2) until meter needle bisects dot at left end of meter scale (R).
(3) Adjust OUTPUT VERNIER control fully cw and adjust meter board POT A (fig. 2) for a $+3-\mathrm{dBm}$ OUTPUT meter reading ( R ).
(4) Set OUTPUT step attenuator to $\mathbf{+ 1 0} \mathbf{~ d B m}$.
(5) Connect measuring receiver sensor module to TI RF OUTPUT.
(6) Alternately adjust OUTPUT VERNIER control for a $\mathbf{0}$ and $\mathbf{- 7} \mathbf{~ d B m}$ reading on TI OUTPUT meter while adjusting meter board POT F (fig. 2) for +10 dBm and POT E (fig. 2) for +3 dBm indications on the measuring receiver. Repeat the above until no further adjustments are required (R).
(7) Adjust OUTPUT step attenuator to $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{d B m}$.
(8) Alternately adjust OUTPUT VERNIER control for a $\mathbf{+ 3}$ and $\mathbf{- 6} \mathbf{~ d B m}$ reading on TI OUTPUT meter while adjusting meter board POT C (fig. 2) for +3 dBm and POT D for 6 dBm indications on the measuring receiver. Repeat the above until no further adjustments are required (R).

## 11. Output Level Flatness

a. Performance Check
(1) Position controls as listed in (a) through (e) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to CAL.
(b) Set FREQUENCY switches to indicate $\mathbf{0 5 0 . 0 0 0} \mathbf{M H z}$.
(c) MODULATION MODE switch to CW.
(d) OUTPUT step attenuator control to - $\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ d B m}$.
(e) OUTPUT VERNIER control for a - $\mathbf{-} \mathbf{~ d B}$ indication on measuring receiver.

NOTE
Do not change OUTPUT VERNIER control setting after this point.
(2) Press RATIO (lit) on the measuring receiver and adjust FREQUENCY switches from 010.000 MHz to 500.000 MHz . Measuring receiver indication will stay between -.75 and +.75 dB over the entire range.
(3) Press RATIO (not lit) on the measuring receiver.
(4) Position controls as listed in (a) through (e) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to CAL.
(b) Set FREQUENCY switches to indicate $\mathbf{0 5 0 . 0 0 0} \mathbf{~ M H z}$.
(c) MODULATION MODE switch to CW.
(d) OUTPUT step attenuator control to $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{d B m}$.
(e) OUTPUT VERNIER control for a $\mathbf{- 1} \mathbf{d B}$ indication on measuring receiver.

NOTE
Do not change OUTPUT VERNIER control setting after this point.
(5) Press RATIO (lit) on the measuring receiver and adjust FREQUENCY switches from $\mathbf{0 1 0 . 0 0} \mathbf{~ M H z}$ to $500.00 \mathbf{M H z}$. Measuring receiver indication will stay between -.75 to +.75 dB over the entire range.
(6) Press RATIO (not lit) on the measuring receiver.
(7) Position controls as listed in (a) through (e) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to CAL.
(b) Set FREQUENCY switches to indicate $\mathbf{0 5 0 . 0 0 0} \mathbf{~ M H z}$.
(c) MODULATION MODE switch to CW.
(d) OUTPUT step attenuator control to $\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ d B m}$.
(e) OUTPUT VERNIER control for a $\mathbf{+ 9} \mathbf{d B}$ indication on measuring receiver.

## NOTE

Do not change OUTPUT VERNIER control setting after this point.
(8) Press RATIO (lit) on the measuring receiver and adjust FREQUENCY switches from 010.00 MHz to $\mathbf{5 0 0 . 0 0} \mathbf{M H z}$. Measuring receiver indication will stay between -.75 to +.75 dB over the entire range.
(9) Press RATIO (not lit) on the measuring receiver.
b. Adjustments. No adjustments can be made.

## 12. Attenuator Accuracy

a. Performance Check
(1) Position controls as listed in (a) through (c) below.
(a) FREQUENCY switches to indicate $520.000 \mathbf{M H z}$.
(b) OUTPUT step attenuator switch to $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{d B m}$.
(c) OUTPUT VERNIER control for $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{~ d B m}$ on TI OUTPUT meter.
(2) Press FREQ on the measuring receiver and wait for frequency indication.
(3) Press RF POWER, TUNED RF LEVEL and CALIBRATE pushbutton on the measuring receiver, then press RATIO (lit).
(4) Set TI OUTPUT attenuator switch to $\mathbf{- 1 0} \mathbf{~ d B m}$. Measuring receiver will indicate between -9.3 and -10.7 dB .
(5) Repeat technique of (4) above for TI OUTPUT step attenuator settings listed in table 5. Measuring receiver will indicate within limits specified.

Table 5. Attenuator Accuracy

| Test instrument step attenuator <br> settings | Receiver system indications (dB) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Min | Max |  |
| -20 | -19.3 | -20.7 |
| $-30^{1}$ | -29.3 | -30.7 |
| -40 | -39.3 | -40.7 |
| -50 | -49.3 | -50.7 |
| -60 | -59.3 | -60.7 |
| $-70^{1}$ | -68.5 | -71.5 |
| -80 | -78.5 | -81.5 |
| -90 | -88.5 | -91.5 |
| -100 | -98.5 | -101.5 |
| -110 | -108.5 | -111.5 |

${ }^{1}$ If RCAL annunciator is illuminated, press the CAL key on the measuring receiver.
b. Adjustments. No adjustments can be made.

## 13. Amplitude Modulation Accuracy

a. Performance Check

NOTE
Measuring receiver (AM) should be calibrated prior to running this test.
(1) Connect measuring receiver sensor module to TI RF OUTPUT and connect measuring receiver MODULATION OUTPUT AUDIO INPUT to audio analyzer INPUT HI.
(2) Set measuring receiver to measure AM, and set audio analyzer to measure frequency.
(3) Position controls as listed in (a) through (f) below:
(a) FREQUENCY switches to indicate $520.000 \mathbf{M H z}$.
(b) MODULATION MODE switch to AM.
(c) MODULATION FREQ switch to 400 Hz .
(d) MODULATION FM/AM slide control to $\mathbf{9 0}$ percent.
(e) OUTPUT step attenuator switch for $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{d B m}$.
(f) OUTPUT VERNIER control for -3 dB.
(4) The audio analyzer will indicate between 380 and 420 Hz modulation.
(5) Set MODULATION FREQ switch to $\mathbf{1} \mathbf{~ k H z}$.
(6) The audio analyzer will indicate between 950 and 1050 Hz modulation.
(7) If measuring receiver does not indicate between 81 and 99 percent AM, perform b below.
(8) Repeat technique of (7) above for TI OUTPUT percent settings listed in table 6 Measuring receiver will indicate within limits specified.

| Test instrument (MODULATION FM/AM) percent slide settings | Measuring receiver percent modulation (AM) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Min | Max |
| 80\% | 71.5 | 88.5 |
| 70\% | 62.0 | 78.0 |
| 60\% | 52.5 | 67.5 |
| 50\% | 43.0 | 57.0 |
| 40\% | 33.5 | 46.5 |
| 30\% | 24.0 | 36.0 |
| 20\% | 14.5 | 25.5 |
| 10\% | 5.00 | 15.0 |

b. Adjustments
(1) Position controls as listed in (a) through (e) below:
(a) FREQUENCY switches to $520.000 \mathbf{M H z}$.
(b) MODULATION MODE switch to AM.
(c) MODULATION FREQ switch to DC.
(d) OUTPUT step attenuator switch for $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{~ d B m}$.
(e) OUTPUT VERNIER control for $+\mathbf{3} \mathbf{~ d B}$.
(2) Connect audio analyzer INPUT HI to MOD TP (fig. 1) and chassis ground.

NOTE
Set audio analyzer to read V dc.
(3) Adjust MODULATION FM/AM slide control until audio analyzer indicates 4.5

V dc.
(4) Set MOD FREQ to $\mathbf{1 0 0 0} \mathbf{~ H z}$.
(5) Connect measuring receiver to TI RF OUTPUT.
(6) Adjust meter board POT G fig. 2 for 90 percent AM indication on the measuring receiver modulation display ( R ).
(7) Set OUTPUT VERNIER control for $\mathbf{- 7} \mathbf{~ d B m}$ indication on OUTPUT meter.
(8) Adjust meter board POT H (fig. 2) for 90 percent AM indication on the measuring receiver modulation display ( $R$ ).
(9) Repeat technique above until no further adjustment is required.
(10) Disconnect audio analyzer INPUT HI from MOD TP (fig. 1) and chassis ground.
(11) Connect measuring receiver MODULATION OUTPUT AUDIO INPUT to audio analyzer INPUT HI.

## 14. AM Distortion

a. Performance Check
(1) Set audio analyzer to measure distortion.
(2) Position controls as listed in (a) through (f) below:
(a) FREQUENCY switches to indicate 520.000 MHz .
(b) MODULATION MODE switch to AM.
(c) MODULATION FREQ switch to $\mathbf{1} \mathbf{K H z}$.
(d) MODULATION FM/AM slide control to $\mathbf{0}$ percent.
(e) OUTPUT step attenuator switch for $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{d B m}$.
(f) OUTPUT VERNIER control for -7 dB.
(4) Adjust TI MODULATION FM/AM slide control to indicate 70 percent AM on measuring receiver.
(5) The audio analyzer will indicate less than 3 percent AM distortion.
(6) Adjust TI MODULATION FM/AM slide control to indicate $\mathbf{9 0}$ percent AM on measuring receiver.
(7) The audio analyzer will indicate less than 5 percent AM distortion.
b. Adjustments. No adjustments can be made.

## 15. Frequency Modulation Accuracy

a. Performance Check

NOTE
Measuring receiver (FM) should be calibrated prior to running this test.
(1) Connect measuring receiver sensor module to the TI RF OUTPUT.
(2) Set measuring receiver to measure FM.
(3) Press measuring receiver high-pass filter pushbutton to 50 Hz and low-pass filter pushbutton to 15 kHz .
(4) Position controls as listed in (a) through (g) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{k H z}$.
(b) FREQUENCY switches to indicate $\mathbf{0 5 0 . 0 0 0} \mathbf{M H z}$.
(c) MODULATION MODE switch to FMx1.
(d) MODULATION FREQ switch to 400 Hz .
(e) MODULATION FM/AM switch to $\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ k H z}$ FM.
(f) OUTPUT step attenuator switch to $\mathbf{+ 1 0} \mathbf{~ d B m}$.
(g) OUTPUT VERNIER control fully cw.
(5) Measuring receiver will indicate between 9.5 kHz and 10.5 kHz FM.
(6) Set MODULATION FM/AM slide control to $\mathbf{5} \mathbf{~ k H z}$ FM.
(7) The measuring receiver will indicate between 4.5 kHz and 5.5 kHz .
(8) Set MODULATION MODE switch to FMx10 and MODULATION FM/AM slide control to $2 \mathbf{k H z}$ FM.
(9) Repeat technique of (7) above for TI OUTPUT FM KHz settings listed in table
7. Measuring receiver will indicate within limits specified.

Table 7. Frequency Modulation

| Test instrument <br> (MODULATION FM/AM) FM <br> KHz slide settings | Measuring receiver frequency modulation (FM) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Min | Max |
| 2 kHz FM | 15.0 kHz | 25.0 kHz |
| 4 kHz FM | 35.0 kHz | 45.0 kHz |
| 6 kHz FM | 55.0 kHz | 65.0 kHz |
| 8 kHz FM | 75.0 kHz | 85.0 kHz |
| 10 kHz FM | 95.0 kHz | 105.0 kHz |

b. Adjustments. No adjustments can be made.

## 16. FM Distortion

a. Performance Check
(1) Connect measuring receiver sensor module to the TI RF OUTPUT.
(2) Set measuring receiver to measure FM.
(3) Press measuring receiver high-pass filter pushbutton to 50 Hz and low-pass filter pushbutton to 15 kHz .
(4) Position controls as listed in (a) through (g) below:
(a) FREQUENCY VERNIER control to $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{k H z}$.
(b) FREQUENCY switches to indicate $\mathbf{0 5 0 . 0 0 0} \mathbf{M H z}$.
(c) MODULATION MODE switch to FMx1.
(d) MODULATION FREQ switch to $\mathbf{1 k H z}$.
(e) MODULATION FM/AM slide control to $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{k H z}$ FM.
(f) OUTPUT step attenuator switch for $\mathbf{+ 1 0} \mathbf{~ d B m}$.
(g) OUTPUT VERNIER control fully cw.
(5) The audio analyzer will indicate less than 4 percent distortion.
(6) Set TI MODULATION MODE switch to FMx10.
(7) The audio analyzer will indicate less than 2 percent distortion.
b. Adjustments. No adjustments can be made.

## 17. Power Supply

a. Performance Check

## NOTE

Do not perform power supply check if all other parameters are within tolerance.
(1) Connect audio analyzer to pin 3 of M30-1 fig. 1) and chassis ground. If audio analyzer does not indicate +18.00 V dc , perform $\mathrm{b}(\mathbf{1})$ below.
(2) Move audio analyzer connection to pin 4 of M30-1 (fig. 1). If audio analyzer does not indicate -18.00 V dc, perform $\mathrm{b}(2)$ below.
b. Adjustments.
(1) Adjust +18 V ADJ (fig. 2) for +18.00 V dc indication on audio analyzer (R).
(2) Adjust -18 V ADJ fig. 2) for -18.00 V dc indication on audio analyzer (R).

## 18. Final Procedure

a. Deenergize and disconnect all equipment.
b. Annotate and affix DA label/form in accordance with TB 750-25.

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:
Official:

# PETER J. SCHOOMAKER 

General, United States Army Chief of Staff
fuel $\mathbb{B}$ Ahh
Joel b. HuDson
Administrative Assistant to the Secretary of the Army 0315506

DISTRIBUTION:
To be distributed in accordance with Initial Distribution No. (IDN) 342229, requirements for calibration procedure TB 9-6625-2094-35.

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The following format must be used if submitting an electronic 2028. The subject line must be exactly the same and all fields must be included; however, only the following fields are mandatory: $1,3,4$, $5,6,7,8,9,10,13,15,16,17$, and 27 .

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To: 2028@redstone.army.mil
Subject: DA Form 2028

1. From: Joe Smith
2. Unit: Home
3. Address: 4300 Park
4. City: Hometown
5. St: MO
6. Zip: 77777
7. Date Sent: 19-Oct-93
8. Pub No: TB 9-6625-xxxx-35
9. Pub Title: Calibration Procedure for ...
10. Publication Date:
11. Change Number:
12. Submitted Rank: MSG
13. Sumitter Fname: Joe
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15. Submitter Lname: Smith
16. Submitter Phone: (123) 123-1234
17. Problem: 1
18. Page: 2
19. Paragraph: 3

20 Line: 4
21. NSN: 5
22. Reference: 6
23. Figure: 7
24. Table: 8
25. Item: 9
26. Total: 123

27: Text:
This is the text for the problem below line 27.


[^0]:    *This technical bulletin supersedes TB 9-6625-2094-35, 24 August 1998, including all changes.

